

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier: X969901 - CATALIZADOR LACA POLIURETANO BLANCA SATINADA

Other means of identification:

Non-applicable

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:

Relevant uses: Catalyst for coatings

Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:

Industrias Titán, S.A.U.

Pol. Ind. Pratense, calle 114 n° 17-19

08820 El Prat de Llobregat - Barcelona - España

Phone.: +34 934 797 494 - Fax: +34 934 797 495

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1.4 Emergency telephone number: +34 934 797 494 (7:30-14:30 h.) (working hours)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard, Category 1, H304

Eye Irrit. 2: Eye irritation, Category 2, H319

Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids, Category 2, H225

Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity, Category 2, H361d

Resp. Sens. 1: Sensitisation, respiratory, Category 1, H334

Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315

Skin Sens. 1: Sensitisation, skin, Category 1, H317

STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure, Category 2, H373

STOT SE 3: Specific toxicity causing drowsiness and dizziness, single exposure, Category 3, H336

2.2 Label elements:

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Danger



Hazard statements:

Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Repr. 2: H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Resp. Sens. 1: H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements:

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P260: Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P285: In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

P301+P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P331: Do NOT induce vomiting.

P370+P378: In case of fire: Use ABC powder extinguisher to extinguish.

Supplementary information:

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SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION (continued)

EUH204: Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

Substances that contribute to the classification

N-butyl acetate; Ethyl acetate; Benzene, 2,4-diisocyanato-1-methyl-, polymer with 1,6-diisocyanatohexane; Toluene

Additional Labelling (Annex XVII, REACH):

As from 24 August 2023 adequate training is required before industrial or professional use.

2.3 Other hazards:

Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
3.1 Substance:

Non-applicable

3.2 Mixture:

Chemical description: Mixture composed of additives and resins in solvents

Components:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (point 3), the product contains:

Identification	Chemical name/Classification	Concentration
CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1 Index: 607-025-00-1 REACH: 01-2119485493-29-XXXX	N-butyl acetate⁽¹⁾ ATP CLP00	25 - <50 %
	Regulation 1272/2008 Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Warning	
CAS: 141-78-6 EC: 205-500-4 Index: 607-022-00-5 REACH: 01-2119475103-46-XXXX	Ethyl acetate⁽¹⁾ ATP CLP00	25 - <50 %
	Regulation 1272/2008 Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger	
CAS: 26426-91-5 EC: Non-applicable Index: Non-applicable REACH: Non-applicable	Benzene, 2,4-diisocyanato-1-methyl-, polymer with 1,6-diisocyanatohexane⁽¹⁾ Self-classified	15 - <20 %
	Regulation 1272/2008 Skin Sens. 1: H317 - Warning	
CAS: 108-88-3 EC: 203-625-9 Index: 601-021-00-3 REACH: 01-2119471310-51-XXXX	Toluene⁽¹⁾ ATP CLP00	15 - <20 %
	Regulation 1272/2008 Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; Repr. 2: H361d; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 2: H373; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger	
CAS: 9017-01-0 EC: 618-500-8 Index: Non-applicable REACH: Non-applicable	Aromatic Polyisocyanate⁽¹⁾ Self-classified	7,5 - <10 %
	Regulation 1272/2008 Resp. Sens. 1: H334 - Danger	
CAS: 26471-62-5 EC: 247-722-4 Index: 615-006-00-4 REACH: 01-2119454791-34-XXXX	Toluene Diisocyanate⁽¹⁾ ATP CLP00	0,1 - <0,2 %
	Regulation 1272/2008 Acute Tox. 2: H330; Aquatic Chronic 3: H412; Carc. 2: H351; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Resp. Sens. 1: H334; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; Skin Sens. 1: H317; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	

⁽¹⁾ Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard which meet criteria laid down in Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES
4.1 Description of first aid measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

By inhalation:

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

By skin contact:

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SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES (continued)

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, in which case removal could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS for the product.

By ingestion/aspiration:

Request medical assistance immediately, showing the SDS of this product. Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. In the case of loss of consciousness do not administer anything orally unless supervised by a doctor. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion. Keep the person affected at rest.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Non-applicable

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**5.1 Extinguishing media:****Suitable extinguishing media:**

If possible use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers (CO₂).

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use full jet water as an extinguishing agent.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...) in accordance with Directive 89/654/EC.

Additional provisions:

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:**

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Destroy any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

This product is not classified as hazardous to the environment. Keep product away from drains, surface and underground water.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

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SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- Precautions for safe manipulation

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in Directive 2014/34/EC (ATEX 100) and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of Directive 1999/92/EC (ATEX 137). Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations to prevent ergonomic and toxicological risks

PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD NOT BE EXPOSED TO THIS PRODUCT. Transfer in designated areas that comply with the necessary safety conditions (emergency showers and eyewash stations in close proximity), using personal protection equipment, especially on the hands and face (See section 8). Limit manual transfers to small amounts only. Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

It is recommended to have absorbent material available at close proximity to the product (See subsection 6.3)

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Technical measures for storage

Minimum Temp.:	5 °C
Maximum Temp.:	40 °C
Maximum time:	36 Months

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace (European OEL, not country-specific legislation):

Directive (EU) 2000/39, Directive 2004/37/EC, Directive (EU) 2006/15, Directive (EU) 2009/161, Directive (EU) 2017/164, Directive (EU) 2019/1831:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	241 mg/m ³
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	IOELV (STEL)	150 ppm	723 mg/m ³
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6 EC: 205-500-4	IOELV (8h)	200 ppm	734 mg/m ³
	IOELV (STEL)	400 ppm	1468 mg/m ³
Toluene CAS: 108-88-3 EC: 203-625-9	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	192 mg/m ³
	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	384 mg/m ³

DNEL (Workers):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Dermal	11 mg/kg	Non-applicable	11 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	600 mg/m ³	600 mg/m ³	300 mg/m ³	300 mg/m ³

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6 EC: 205-500-4	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	63 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	1468 mg/m ³	1468 mg/m ³	734 mg/m ³	734 mg/m ³
Toluene CAS: 108-88-3 EC: 203-625-9	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	384 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	384 mg/m ³	384 mg/m ³	192 mg/m ³	192 mg/m ³

DNEL (General population):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	Oral	2 mg/kg	Non-applicable	2 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Dermal	6 mg/kg	Non-applicable	6 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	300 mg/m ³	35,7 mg/m ³	35,7 mg/m ³
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6 EC: 205-500-4	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	4,5 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	37 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	734 mg/m ³	734 mg/m ³	367 mg/m ³	367 mg/m ³
Toluene CAS: 108-88-3 EC: 203-625-9	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	8,13 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	226 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	226 mg/m ³	226 mg/m ³	56,5 mg/m ³	56,5 mg/m ³

PNEC:

Identification					
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	STP	35,6 mg/L	Fresh water	0,18 mg/L	
	Soil	0,09 mg/kg	Marine water	0,018 mg/L	
	Intermittent	0,36 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	0,981 mg/kg	
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	0,098 mg/kg	
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6 EC: 205-500-4	STP	650 mg/L	Fresh water	0,24 mg/L	
	Soil	0,148 mg/kg	Marine water	0,024 mg/L	
	Intermittent	1,65 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	1,15 mg/kg	
	Oral	0,2 g/kg	Sediment (Marine water)	0,115 mg/kg	
Toluene CAS: 108-88-3 EC: 203-625-9	STP	13,61 mg/L	Fresh water	0,68 mg/L	
	Soil	2,89 mg/kg	Marine water	0,68 mg/L	
	Intermittent	0,68 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	16,39 mg/kg	
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	16,39 mg/kg	
Toluene Diisocyanate CAS: 26471-62-5 EC: 247-722-4	STP	1 mg/L	Fresh water	0,013 mg/L	
	Soil	1 mg/kg	Marine water	0,001 mg/L	
	Intermittent	0,125 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	Non-applicable	
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	Non-applicable	



8.2 Exposure controls:

A.- General security and hygiene measures in the work place

In accordance with the order of importance to control professional exposure (Directive 98/24/EC) it is recommended to use localized extraction in the work area as a collective protection measure to avoid exceeding the occupational exposure limits. In case of using personal protective equipment it should have CE marking in accordance with Directive 2016/425/EC. For more information on Personal Protective Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For additional information see subsection 7.1.

All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.



B.- Respiratory protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases and vapours		EN 405:2002+A1:2010	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment.

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

C.- Specific protection for the hands





Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory hand protection	NON-disposable chemical protective gloves		EN ISO 374-1:2016+A1:2018 EN 16523-1:2015+A1:2018 EN 420:2004+A1:2010	The Breakthrough Time indicated by the manufacturer must exceed the period during which the product is being used. Do not use protective creams after the product has come into contact with skin.

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.



D.- Ocular and facial protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory face protection	Face shield		EN 166:2002 EN 167:2002 EN 168:2002 EN ISO 4007:2018	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

E.- Body protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties		EN 1149-1,2,3 EN 13034:2005+A1:2009 EN ISO 13982-1:2004/A1:2010 EN ISO 6529:2013 EN ISO 6530:2005 EN ISO 13688:2013 EN 464:1994	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions.
 Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties		EN ISO 13287:2013 EN ISO 20345:2011 EN 13832-1:2019	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

F.- Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
 Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	 Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011

Environmental exposure controls:

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

Volatile organic compounds:

With regard to Directive 2010/75/EU, this product has the following characteristics:

V.O.C. (Supply):	74,71 % weight
V.O.C. density at 20 °C:	725 kg/m ³ (725 g/L)
Average carbon number:	5,49
Average molecular weight:	100,5 g/mol

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

For complete information see the product datasheet.

Appearance:

Physical state at 20 °C: Liquid

Appearance: Not available

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Colour:	Colourless
Odour:	Characteristic
Odour threshold:	Non-applicable *
Volatility:	
Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:	60 °C
Vapour pressure at 20 °C:	5254 Pa
Vapour pressure at 50 °C:	20683,23 Pa (20,68 kPa)
Evaporation rate at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Product description:	
Density at 20 °C:	970 kg/m ³
Relative density at 20 °C:	0,97
Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C:	<20,5 cSt
Concentration:	Non-applicable *
pH:	Non-applicable *
Vapour density at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Solubility in water at 20 °C:	
Solubility properties:	Non-applicable *
Decomposition temperature:	Non-applicable *
Melting point/freezing point:	Non-applicable *
Explosive properties:	Non-applicable *
Oxidising properties:	Non-applicable *
Flammability:	
Flash Point:	6 °C
Heat of combustion:	Non-applicable *
Flammability (solid, gas):	Non-applicable *
Autoignition temperature:	421 °C
Lower flammability limit:	Not available
Upper flammability limit:	Not available
Explosive:	
Lower explosive limit:	Non-applicable *
Upper explosive limit:	Non-applicable *
9.2 Other information:	
Surface tension at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Refraction index:	Non-applicable *

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the conditions of storage, handling and use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

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SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (continued)

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Avoid direct impact	Avoid direct impact

10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Precaution	Avoid direct impact	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalines, heavy metals, reducing agents, peroxide accelerating agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO₂), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than the recommended occupational exposure limits, adverse effects on health may result, depending on the means of exposure:

A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.

B- Inhalation (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.

C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):

- Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
- Contact with the eyes: Produces eye damage after contact.

D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):

- Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous with carcinogenic effects. For more information see section 3.
IARC: Toluene (3); Toluene Diisocyanate (2B); Toluene Diisocyanate (2B)
- Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- Reproductive toxicity: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

E- Sensitizing effects:

- Respiratory: Prolonged exposure can result in specific respiratory hypersensitivity.
- Cutaneous: Prolonged contact with the skin can result in episodes of allergic contact dermatitis.

F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:

Exposure in high concentration can interfere with the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.

G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Exposure in high concentration can interfere with the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.
- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances which are classified as dangerous due to repetitive exposure. For more information see section 3.

H- Aspiration hazard:

The consumption of a considerable dose can cause pulmonary damage.

Other information:

Non-applicable

Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
	Route	Dose	
Toluene CAS: 108-88-3 EC: 203-625-9	LD50 oral	5580 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	12124 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation	28,1 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6 EC: 205-500-4	LD50 oral	4100 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	20000 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	Non-applicable	
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	LD50 oral	12789 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	14112 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	23,4 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Toluene Diisocyanate CAS: 26471-62-5 EC: 247-722-4	LD50 oral	3360 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	Non-applicable	
	LC50 inhalation	0,5 mg/L (4 h) (ATEi)	

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

12.1 Toxicity:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Species	Genus
	Route	Dose		
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	LC50	Non-applicable		
	EC50	Non-applicable		
	EC50	675 mg/L (72 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6 EC: 205-500-4	LC50	230 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	EC50	717 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	3300 mg/L (48 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
Toluene CAS: 108-88-3 EC: 203-625-9	LC50	13 mg/L (96 h)	Carassius auratus	Fish
	EC50	11.5 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	125 mg/L (48 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
Toluene Diisocyanate CAS: 26471-62-5 EC: 247-722-4	LC50	133 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
	EC50	12.5 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	4300 mg/L (96 h)	Chlorella vulgaris	Algae

12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
	Parameter	Value	Parameter	Value
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	5 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	84 %
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6 EC: 205-500-4	BOD5	1,36 g O2/g	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	1,69 g O2/g	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	0,8	% Biodegradable	83 %
Toluene CAS: 108-88-3 EC: 203-625-9	BOD5	2,5 g O2/g	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	100 %

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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	BCF	4
	Pow Log	1.78
	Potential	Low
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6 EC: 205-500-4	BCF	30
	Pow Log	0.73
	Potential	Moderate
Toluene CAS: 108-88-3 EC: 203-625-9	BCF	13
	Pow Log	2.73
	Potential	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	Koc	Non-applicable	Henry	Non-applicable
	Conclusion	Non-applicable	Dry soil	Non-applicable
	Surface tension	2,478E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Non-applicable
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6 EC: 205-500-4	Koc	59	Henry	13,58 Pa·m ³ /mol
	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2,324E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes
Toluene CAS: 108-88-3 EC: 203-625-9	Koc	178	Henry	672,8 Pa·m ³ /mol
	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2,793E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria

12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Code	Description	Waste class (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014)
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances	Dangerous

Type of waste (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014):

HP5 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity, HP3 Flammable, HP10 Toxic for reproduction, HP13 Sensitising, HP4 Irritant — skin irritation and eye damage

Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance with Annex 1 and Annex 2 (Directive 2008/98/EC). As under 15 01 (2014/955/EC) of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. We do not recommended disposal down the drain. See paragraph 6.2.

Regulations related to waste management:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) the community or state provisions related to waste management are stated

Community legislation: Directive 2008/98/EC, 2014/955/EU, Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADR 2021 and RID 2021:

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SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 3
 Labels: 3
14.4 Packing group: II
14.5 Environmental hazards: No
14.6 Special precautions for user
 Special regulations: 163, 367, 640D, 650
 Tunnel restriction code: D/E
 Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
 Limited quantities: 5 L
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code: Non-applicable

Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 39-18:



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 3
 Labels: 3
14.4 Packing group: II
14.5 Marine pollutant: No
14.6 Special precautions for user
 Special regulations: 163, 367
 EmS Codes: F-E, S-E
 Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
 Limited quantities: 5 L
 Segregation group: Non-applicable
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code: Non-applicable

Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2021:



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 3
 Labels: 3
14.4 Packing group: II
14.5 Environmental hazards: No
14.6 Special precautions for user
 Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code: Non-applicable

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

Candidate substances for authorisation under the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH): Non-applicable
 Substances included in Annex XIV of REACH ("Authorisation List") and sunset date: Non-applicable
 Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009, about substances that deplete the ozone layer: Non-applicable
 Article 95, REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012: Non-applicable
 REGULATION (EU) No 649/2012, in relation to the import and export of hazardous chemical products: Non-applicable

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SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)**Seveso III:**

Section	Description	Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
P5c	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	5000	50000

Limitations to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII REACH, etc):

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SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)

Contains more than 0.1 % of Toluene by weight. Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as a substance or in mixtures in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight where the substance or mixture is used in adhesives or spray paints intended for supply to the general public.

Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:

- metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,
- artificial snow and frost,
- “whoopee” cushions,
- silly string aerosols,
- imitation excrement,
- horns for parties,
- decorative flakes and foams,
- artificial cobwebs,
- stink bombs.

Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with:

‘For professional users only’.

Shall not be used in:

- ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
- tricks and jokes,
- games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects.

Contains more than 0.1 % of Toluene Diisocyanate, Benzene, 2,4-diisocyanato-1-methyl-, polymer with 1,6-diisocyanatohexane, Aromatic Polyisocyanate by weight. 1. Shall not be used as substances on their own, as a constituent in other substances or in mixtures for industrial and professional use(s) after 24 August 2023, unless:

(a) the concentration of diisocyanates individually and in combination is less than 0,1 % by weight, or (b) the employer or self-employed ensures that industrial or professional user(s) have successfully completed training on the safe use of diisocyanates prior to the use of the substance(s) or mixture(s).

2. Shall not be placed on the market as substances on their own, as a constituent in other substances or in mixtures for industrial and professional use(s) after 24 February 2022, unless:

(a) the concentration of diisocyanates individually and in combination is less than 0,1 % by weight, or (b) the supplier ensures that the recipient of the substance(s) or mixture(s) is provided with information on the requirements referred to in point (b) of paragraph 1 and the following statement is placed on the packaging, in a manner that is visibly distinct from the rest of the label information: “As from 24 August 2023 adequate training is required before industrial or professional use”.

3. For the purpose of this entry “industrial and professional user(s)” means any worker or self-employed worker handling diisocyanates on their own, as a constituent in other substances or in mixtures for industrial and professional use(s) or supervising these tasks.

4. The training referred to in point (b) of paragraph 1 shall include the instructions for the control of dermal and inhalation exposure to diisocyanates at the workplace without prejudice to any national occupational exposure limit value or other appropriate risk management measures at national level. Such training shall be conducted by an expert on occupational safety and health with competence acquired by relevant vocational training. That training shall cover as a minimum:

(a) the training elements in point (a) of paragraph 5 for all industrial and professional use(s).

(b) the training elements in points (a) and (b) of paragraph 5 for the following uses:

- handling open mixtures at ambient temperature (including foam tunnels)
- spraying in a ventilated booth
- application by roller
- application by brush
- application by dipping and pouring
- mechanical post treatment (e.g. cutting) of not fully cured articles which are not warm anymore
- cleaning and waste
- any other uses with similar exposure through the dermal and/or inhalation route

(c) the training elements in points (a), (b) and (c) of paragraph 5 for the following uses:

- handling incompletely cured articles (e.g. freshly cured, still warm)
- foundry applications
- maintenance and repair that needs access to equipment
- open handling of warm or hot formulations (> 45 °C)
- spraying in open air, with limited or only natural ventilation (includes large industry working halls) and spraying with high energy (e.g. foams, elastomers)
- and any other uses with similar exposure through the dermal and/or inhalation route.

5. Training elements:

(a) general training, including on-line training, on:

- chemistry of diisocyanates
- toxicity hazards (including acute toxicity)

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SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)

- exposure to diisocyanates
 - occupational exposure limit values
 - how sensitisation can develop
 - odour as indication of hazard
 - importance of volatility for risk
 - viscosity, temperature, and molecular weight of diisocyanates
 - personal hygiene
 - personal protective equipment needed, including practical instructions for its correct use and its limitations
 - risk of dermal contact and inhalation exposure
 - risk in relation to application process used
 - skin and inhalation protection scheme
 - ventilation
 - cleaning, leakages, maintenance
 - discarding empty packaging
 - protection of bystanders
 - identification of critical handling stages
 - specific national code systems (if applicable)
 - behaviour-based safety
 - certification or documented proof that training has been successfully completed
 - (b) intermediate level training, including on-line training, on:
 - additional behaviour-based aspects
 - maintenance
 - management of change
 - evaluation of existing safety instructions
 - risk in relation to application process used
 - certification or documented proof that training has been successfully completed
 - (c) advanced training, including on-line training, on:
 - any additional certification needed for the specific uses covered
 - spraying outside a spraying booth
 - open handling of hot or warm formulations (> 45 °C)
 - certification or documented proof that training has been successfully completed
6. The training shall comply with the provisions set by the Member State in which the industrial or professional user(s) operate. Member States may implement or continue to apply their own national requirements for the use of the substance(s) or mixture (s), as long as the minimum requirements set out in paragraphs 4 and 5 are met.
7. The supplier referred to in point (b) of paragraph 2 shall ensure that the recipient is provided with training material and courses pursuant to paragraphs 4 and 5 in the official language(s) of the Member State(s) where the substance(s) or mixture(s) are supplied. The training shall take into consideration the specificity of the products supplied, including composition, packaging, and design.
8. The employer or self-employed shall document the successful completion of the training referred to in paragraphs 4 and 5. The training shall be renewed at least every five years.
9. Member States shall include in their reports pursuant to Article 117(1) the following information:
- (a) any established training requirements and other risk management measures related to the industrial and professional uses of diisocyanates foreseen in national law
 - (b) the number of cases of reported and recognised occupational asthma and occupational respiratory and dermal diseases in relation to diisocyanates
 - (c) national exposure limits for diisocyanates, if there are any
 - (d) information about enforcement activities related to this restriction.
10. This restriction shall apply without prejudice to other Union legislation on the protection of safety and health of workers at the workplace.

Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

Other legislation:

The product could be affected by sectorial legislation

15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Legislation related to safety data sheets:

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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

The SDS shall be supplied in an official language of the country where the product is placed on the market. This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-Guide to the compilation of safety data sheets of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (Regulation (EC) No 2015/830).

Modifications related to the previous Safety Data Sheet which concerns the ways of managing risks.:

Non-applicable

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H361d: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Acute Tox. 2: H330 - Fatal if inhaled.

Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Carc. 2: H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

Repr. 2: H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Resp. Sens. 1: H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Classification procedure:

Skin Irrit. 2: Calculation method

STOT SE 3: Calculation method

STOT RE 2: Calculation method

Repr. 2: Calculation method

Resp. Sens. 1: Calculation method

Skin Sens. 1: Calculation method

Asp. Tox. 1: Calculation method

Flam. Liq. 2: Calculation method (2.6.4.3)

Eye Irrit. 2: Calculation method

Advice related to training:

Minimal training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

Principal bibliographical sources:

<http://echa.europa.eu>

<http://eur-lex.europa.eu>

Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code

IATA: International Air Transport Association

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand

BCF: Bioconcentration factor

LD50: Lethal Dose 50

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50

EC50: Effective concentration 50

Log-POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient

Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

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Safety data sheet

TITAN

This SDS is an English translation of Regulation (EU) n° 2015/830, without any country-specific legislation

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The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation at European and state level, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control, and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.

- END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET -