

# 821 - CHLORINATED RUBBER ENAMEL 821

### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

### 1.1 Product identifier: 821 - CHLORINATED RUBBER ENAMEL 821

### **1.2** Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:

Relevant uses: Industrial paint. For industrial user only.

Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:

Industrias Titán, S.A.U. Pol. Ind. Pratense, calle 114 nº 17-19 08820 El Prat de Llobregat - Barcelona - España Phone.: +34 934 797 494 - Fax: +34 934 797 495 msds@titanlux.es http://www.titanlux.es

**1.4 Emergency telephone number:** +34 934 797 494 (7:30-14:30 h.) (working hours)

### SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION \*\*

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

#### CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard, Category 2, H411

Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3, H226

Lact.: Reproductive toxicity, effects on or via lactation, H362

STOT SE 3: Respiratory tract toxicity, single exposure, Category 3, H335

STOT SE 3: Specific toxicity causing drowsiness and dizziness, single exposure, Category 3, H336

# 2.2 Label elements:

#### CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Warning



### Hazard statements:

Aquatic Chronic 2: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour Lact.: H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

### Precautionary statements:

P201: Obtain special instructions before use

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P263: Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P308+P313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P370+P378: In case of fire: Use ABC powder extinguisher to extinguish

P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with regulations on hazardous waste or packaging and packaging waste respectively

### Supplementary information:

EUH066: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

### Substances that contribute to the classification

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (EC 200-753-7 <0,1%); Alkanes, C14-17, chloro; Xylene

#### 2.3 Other hazards:

Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version



# SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS \*\*

### 3.1 Substance:

Non-applicable

### 3.2 Mixture:

**Chemical description:** Mixture composed of additives, aggregates, pigments and resins in solvents

#### Components:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (point 3), the product contains:

	Identification		Chemical name/Classification		Concentration
CAS:	64742-95-6	Hydrocarbons, C9, a	romatics (EC 200-753-7 <0,1%) <sup>(1)</sup>	Self-classified	
EC: Index: REACH:			Aquatic Chronic 2: H411; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H335; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger		25 - <50 %
CAS:	85535-85-9	Alkanes, C14-17, chl	oro <sup>(1)</sup>	ATP ATP01	
EC: Index: REACH:	287-477-0 602-095-00-X I: 01-2119519269-33- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Aquatic Chronic 1: H410; Lact.: H362; EUH066 - Warning		5 - <7,5 %
CAS:	1330-20-7	Xylene <sup>(1)</sup>		Self-classified	
	215-535-7 601-022-00-9 01-2119488216-32- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 2: H373; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	() ♦ ♦	2,5 - <5 %
CAS:	108-65-6 203-603-9 607-195-00-7 : 01-2119475791-29- XXXX	2-methoxy-1-methy	lethyl acetate <sup>(2)</sup>	ATP ATP01	
EC: Index: REACH:		Regulation 1272/2008	Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Warning	٨	2,5 - <5 %
CAS:	107-98-2	1-methoxy-2-propar	lo <sup>(2)</sup>	ATP ATP01	
	203-539-1 603-064-00-3 : 01-2119457435-35- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336 - Warning	(1)	0,02 - <0,03 %
CAS:	34590-94-8	Dipropylene Glycol N	1ethyl Ether <sup>(2)</sup>	Not classified	
EC: Index: REACH:	252-104-2 Non-applicable 01-2119450011-60- XXXX	01-2119450011-60- Regulation 1272/2008			<0,01 %

<sup>(1)</sup> Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard which meet criteria laid down in Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

(2) Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

### SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

# By inhalation:

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

#### By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

#### By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, in which case this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

### By ingestion/aspiration:



# SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES (continued)

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Non-applicable

# SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media:

If possible use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers ( $CO_2$ ). IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use full jet water as an extinguishing agent.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...) in accordance with Directive 89/654/EC.

### **Additional provisions:**

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

# SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Destroy any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Avoid at all cost any type of spillage into an aqueous medium. Contain the product absorbed appropriately in hermetically sealed containers. Notify the relevant authority in case of exposure to the general public or the environment.

# 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

#### It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- Precautions for safe manipulation

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions



# SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE (continued)

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in Directive 94/9/EC (ATEX 100) and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of Directive 1999/92/EC (ATEX 137). Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

- C.- Technical recommendations to prevent ergonomic and toxicological risks
  - Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.
- D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

Due to the danger of this product for the environment it is recommended to use it within an area containing contamination control barriers in case of spillage, as well as having absorbent material in close proximity.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Technical measures for storage

Minimum Temp.:5 °CMaximum Temp.:40 °CMaximum time:36 Months

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

# 7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace

Identification	Environmental limits		
Xylene	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	275 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	550 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
1-methoxy-2-propanol	IOELV (8h)	100 ppm	375 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
CAS: 107-98-2 EC: 203-539-1	IOELV (STEL)	150 ppm	563 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	308 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
CAS: 34590-94-8 EC: 252-104-2	IOELV (STEL)		

#### **DNEL (Workers):**

		Short exposure		Long exposure	
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (EC 200-753-7 <0,1%)	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 64742-95-6	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	25 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 918-668-5	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
Alkanes, C14-17, chloro	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 85535-85-9	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	47,9 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 287-477-0	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	6,7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
Xylene	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	180 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 215-535-7	Inhalation	289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	77 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 108-65-6	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	153,5 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 203-603-9	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	275 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable



# 821 - CHLORINATED RUBBER ENAMEL 821

# SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

		Short exposure		Long exposure	
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 107-98-2	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	50,6 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 203-539-1	Inhalation	Non-applicable	553,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	369 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 34590-94-8	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	65 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 252-104-2	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	310 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable

### DNEL (General population):

Short exposure		Long exposure			
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (EC 200-753-7 <0,1%)	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	11 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 64742-95-6	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	11 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 918-668-5	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	32 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
Alkanes, C14-17, chloro	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	0,58 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 85535-85-9	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	28,75 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 287-477-0	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
Xylene	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	1,6 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	108 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 215-535-7	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	14,8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	1,67 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 108-65-6	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	54,8 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 203-603-9	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	33 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	3,3 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 107-98-2	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	18,1 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 203-539-1	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	43,9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	1,67 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 34590-94-8	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	15 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 252-104-2	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	37,2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable

### PNEC:

Identification				
Alkanes, C14-17, chloro	STP	80 mg/L	Fresh water	0,001 mg/L
CAS: 85535-85-9	Soil	11,9 mg/kg	Marine water	0,0002 mg/L
EC: 287-477-0	Intermittent	Non-applicable	Sediment (Fresh water)	13 mg/kg
	Oral	10 g/kg	Sediment (Marine water)	2,6 mg/kg
Xylene	STP	6,58 mg/L	Fresh water	0,327 mg/L
CAS: 1330-20-7	Soil	2,31 mg/kg	Marine water	0,327 mg/L
EC: 215-535-7	Intermittent	0,327 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	12,46 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	12,46 mg/kg
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	STP	100 mg/L	Fresh water	0,635 mg/L
CAS: 108-65-6	Soil	0,29 mg/kg	Marine water	0,0635 mg/L
EC: 203-603-9	Intermittent	6,35 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	3,29 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	0,329 mg/kg
1-methoxy-2-propanol	STP	100 mg/L	Fresh water	10 mg/L
CAS: 107-98-2	Soil	5,49 mg/kg	Marine water	1 mg/L
EC: 203-539-1	Intermittent	100 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	52,3 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	5,2 mg/kg
Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether	STP	4168 mg/L	Fresh water	19 mg/L
CAS: 34590-94-8	Soil	2,74 mg/kg	Marine water	1,9 mg/L
EC: 252-104-2	Intermittent	190 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	70,2 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	7,02 mg/kg

### 8.2 Exposure controls:

A.- General security and hygiene measures in the work place



# SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protective Equipment, with the corresponding <<CE marking>> in accordance with Directive 89/686/EC. For more information on Personal Protective Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1.

All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

#### B.- Respiratory protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases, vapours and particles		EN 149:2001+A1:2009 EN 405:2001+A1:2009	Replace when an increase in resistence to breathing is observed and/or a smell or taste of the contaminant is detected.

C.- Specific protection for the hands

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory hand protection	NON-disposable chemical protective gloves		EN ISO 374-1:2016 EN 16523-1:2015 EN 420:2003+A1:2009	The Breakthrough Time indicated by the manufacturer must exceed the period during which the product is being used. Do not use protective creams after the product has come into contact with skin.

"As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be predicted in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application"

D.- Ocular and facial protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory face protection	Face shield		EN 166:2001 EN 167:2001 EN 168:2001 EN ISO 4007:2018	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

E.- Body protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties		EN 1149-1,2,3 EN 13034:2005+A1:2009 EN ISO 13982- 1:2004/A1:2010 EN ISO 6529:2013 EN ISO 6530:2005 EN ISO 13688:2013 EN 464:1994	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions.
Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties		EN ISO 13287:2012 EN ISO 20345:2011 EN 13832-1:2019	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

F.- Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	Evewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011

#### Environmental exposure controls:

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

# Volatile organic compounds:

With regard to Directive 2010/75/EU, this product has the following characteristics:

V.O.C.	(Supply):	
--------	-----------	--

52,39 % weight

V.O.C. density at 20 °C: 580,49 kg/m<sup>3</sup> (580,49 g/L)



# 821 - CHLORINATED RUBBER ENAMEL 821

Average carbon number: 8,	73
Average molecular weight: 11	19,89 g/mol
TION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PR	OPERTIES
Information on basic physical and che	
For complete information see the product of	Jatasheet.
Appearance:	
Physical state at 20 °C:	Liquid
Appearance:	Viscous
Colour:	White
Odour:	Characteristic
Odour threshold:	Non-applicable *
Volatility:	
Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:	161 °C
Vapour pressure at 20 °C:	277 Pa
Vapour pressure at 50 °C:	1670,99 Pa (1,67 kPa)
Evaporation rate at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Product description:	
Density at 20 °C:	1108 kg/m³
Relative density at 20 °C:	1,108
Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C:	>20,5 cSt
Concentration:	Non-applicable *
pH:	Non-applicable *
Vapour density at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Solubility in water at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Solubility properties:	Non-applicable *
Decomposition temperature:	Non-applicable *
Melting point/freezing point:	Non-applicable *
Explosive properties:	Non-applicable *
Oxidising properties:	Non-applicable *
Flammability:	
Flash Point:	41 °C
Flammability (solid, gas):	Non-applicable *
Autoignition temperature:	270 °C
Lower flammability limit:	Not available
Upper flammability limit:	Not available
Explosive:	
Lower explosive limit:	Non-applicable *
Upper explosive limit:	Non-applicable *
Other information:	
Surface tension at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *



### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Refraction index:

Non-applicable \*

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

# SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### 10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the conditions of storage, handling and use.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

#### **10.4** Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

# SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION \*\*

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Contains glycols. It is recommended not to breathe the vapours for prolonged periods of time due to the possibility of effects that are hazardous to the health .

### Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than the recommended occupational exposure limits, adverse effects on health may result, depending on the means of exposure:

- A- Ingestion (acute effect):
  - Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
  - Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- B- Inhalation (acute effect):
  - Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
  - Corrosivity/Irritability: Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.
- C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):
  - Contact with the skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous for skin contact. For more information see section 3.
  - Contact with the eyes: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version



# SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION \*\* (continued)

- Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.
- IARC: Titanium dioxide (2B); Xylene (3)

- Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

- Reproductive toxicity: May cause harm to breast-fed children

- E- Sensitizing effects:
  - Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
  - Cutaneous: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) single exposure:

Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.

G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
However, it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
Skin: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

H- Aspiration hazard:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

# Other information:

Non-applicable

### Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
Xylene	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 1330-20-7	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg (ATEi)	Rat
EC: 215-535-7	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (4 h) (ATEi)	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 oral	8532 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 108-65-6	LD50 dermal	5100 mg/kg	Rat
EC: 203-603-9	LC50 inhalation	30 mg/L (4 h)	Rat

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

# SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION \*\*

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

### 12.1 Toxicity:

Identification		Acute toxicity	Species	Genus
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (EC 200-753-7 <0,1%)	LC50	1 - 10 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
CAS: 64742-95-6	EC50	1 - 10 mg/L		Crustacean
EC: 918-668-5	EC50	1 - 10 mg/L		Algae
Alkanes, C14-17, chloro	LC50	0.1 - 1 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
CAS: 85535-85-9	EC50	0.1 - 1 mg/L		Crustacean
EC: 287-477-0	EC50	0.1 - 1 mg/L		Algae
Xylene	LC50	13.5 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
CAS: 1330-20-7	EC50	3.4 mg/L (48 h)	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
EC: 215-535-7	EC50	10 mg/L (72 h)	Skeletonema costatum	Algae
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LC50	161 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 108-65-6	EC50	481 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia sp.	Crustacean
EC: 203-603-9	EC50	Non-applicable		

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version



# 821 - CHLORINATED RUBBER ENAMEL 821

# SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION \*\* (continued)

Identification		Acute toxicity	Species	Genus
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50	20800 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 107-98-2	EC50	23300 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
EC: 203-539-1	EC50	1000 mg/L (168 h)	Selenastrum capricornutum	Algae
Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether		10000 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 34590-94-8	EC50	1919 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
EC: 252-104-2	EC50	Non-applicable		

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradab	ility
Xylene	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
EC: 215-535-7	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	88 %
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	785 mg/L
CAS: 108-65-6	COD	Non-applicable	Period	8 days
EC: 203-603-9	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	100 %
1-methoxy-2-propanol	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 107-98-2	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
EC: 203-539-1	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	90 %
Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
CAS: 34590-94-8	COD	0.00202 g O2/g	Period	28 days
EC: 252-104-2	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	73 %

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
Xylene	BCF	9
CAS: 1330-20-7	Pow Log	2.77
EC: 215-535-7	Potential	Low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	BCF	1
CAS: 108-65-6	Pow Log	0.43
EC: 203-603-9	Potential	Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	BCF	3
CAS: 107-98-2	Pow Log	-0.44
EC: 203-539-1	Potential	Low
Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether	BCF	1
CAS: 34590-94-8	Pow Log	-0.06
EC: 252-104-2	Potential	Low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
Xylene	Кос	202	Henry	524,86 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
CAS: 1330-20-7	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
EC: 215-535-7	Surface tension	Non-applicable	Moist soil	Yes

# 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

# Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria

12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

SECH	SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS						
13.1 V	Waste treatr	nent methods:					
	Code	Description	Waste class (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014)				
	08 01 11* waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances Dangerous						



# SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS (continued)

### Type of waste (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014):

HP14 Ecotoxic, HP3 Flammable, HP5 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity

#### Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance with Annex 1 and Annex 2 (Directive 2008/98/EC). As under 15 01 (2014/955/EC) of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. We do not recommended disposal down the drain. See paragraph 6.2.

### **Regulations related to waste management:**

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) the community or state provisions related to waste management are stated

Community legislation: Directive 2008/98/EC, 2014/955/EU, Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014

### SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION \*\*

#### Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADR 2019 and RID 2019:

With regard to A	DK 201	5 ana RID 2015.	
	14.1	UN number:	UN1263
AV.	14.2	UN proper shipping name:	PAINT
〈▝〉〈鉴〉	> 14.3	Transport hazard class(es):	3
		Labels:	3
	14.4	Packing group:	III
	14.5	Environmental hazards:	Yes
	14.6	Special precautions for user	
		Special regulations:	163, 367, 650
		Tunnel restriction code:	D/E
		Physico-Chemical properties:	see section 9
		Limited quantities:	5 L
	14.7	Transport in bulk according	Non-applicable
		to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:	
Transport of da	angero	us goods by sea:	
With regard to I	-	• •	
with regard to h			
		UN number:	UN1263
		UN proper shipping name:	PAINT
	> 14.3	Transport hazard class(es):	3
		Labels:	3
• •		Packing group:	III
		Environmental hazards:	Yes
	14.6	Special precautions for user	222 055 162 267
		Special regulations: EmS Codes:	223, 955, 163, 367
		2	F-E, S-E
		Physico-Chemical properties: Limited quantities:	see section 9 5 L
		Segregation group:	
	147		Non-applicable
	14.7	······································	Non-applicable
		to Annex II of Marbol and	
		to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:	
Transport of da	angero	•	

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2019:

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version



SECTION 14: TRANS	ECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION ** (continued)					
	14.1	UN number:	UN1263			
	> 14.2	UN proper shipping name:	PAINT			
3	14.3	Transport hazard class(es):	3			
		Labels:	3			
	14.4	Packing group:	III			
	14.5	Environmental hazards:	Yes			
	14.6	Special precautions for user				
		Physico-Chemical properties:	see section 9			
	14.7	Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:	Non-applicable			

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

#### SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

Candidate substances for authorisation under the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH): Non-applicable

Substances included in Annex XIV of REACH ("Authorisation List") and sunset date: Non-applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009, about substances that deplete the ozone layer: Non-applicable

Article 95, REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012: Non-applicable

REGULATION (EU) No 649/2012, in relation to the import and export of hazardous chemical products: Non-applicable

# Seveso III:

Section	Description	Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
P5c		5000	50000
E2		200	500

# Limitations to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII REACH, etc ....):

Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:

- metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,

artificial snow and frost,

- "whoopee" cushions,

- silly string aerosols,

- imitation excrement,

- horns for parties,
- decorative flakes and foams,
- artificial cobwebs,

— stink bombs.

Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with:

'For professional users only'.

Shall not be used in:

—ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,

-tricks and jokes,

-games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects.

# Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

#### **Other legislation:**

The product could be affected by sectorial legislation

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.



### SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION \*\*

#### Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-Guide to the compilation of safety data sheets of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (Regulation (EC) No 2015/830)

Modifications related to the previous Safety Data Sheet which concerns the ways of managing risks.:

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS (SECTION 3, SECTION 11, SECTION 12):

New declared substances

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4) Alkanes, C14-17, chloro (85535-85-9) Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (EC 200-753-7 <0,1%) (64742-95-6) Xylene (1330-20-7) Removed substances Chloroprene (stabilised) (126-99-8)

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (64742-95-6) CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (SECTION 2, SECTION 16):

Pictograms

· Hazard statements

· Precautionary statements

Supplementary information

TRANSPORT INFORMATION (SECTION 14):

UN number

#### Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H335: May cause respiratory irritation

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H362: May cause harm to breast-fed children

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour

#### Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

#### CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled

Aquatic Acute 1: H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

Aquatic Chronic 1: H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Aquatic Chronic 2: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

Flam. Lig. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

Lact.: H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation

STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral)

STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

# **Classification procedure:**

STOT SE 3: Calculation method STOT SE 3: Calculation method Aquatic Chronic 2: Calculation method Lact.: Calculation method Flam. Liq. 3: Calculation method (2.6.4.3)

#### Advice related to training:

Minimal training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

#### Principal bibliographical sources:

http://echa.europa.eu http://eur-lex.europa.eu

Abbreviations and acronyms:

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version



# SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION \*\* (continued)

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code IATA: International Air Transport Association ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand BCF: Bioconcentration factor LD50: Lethal Dose 50 LC50: Lethal Concentration 50 EC50: Effective concentration 50 LOg-POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation at European and state level, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control, and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.