

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier: 812 - HAMMERED ENAMEL 0597

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:

Relevant uses: Enamel. For industrial user only.

Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:

Industrias Titán, S.A.U. Pol. Ind. Pratense, calle 114 nº 17-19 08820 El Prat de Llobregat - Barcelona - España Phone.: +34 934 797 494 - Fax: +34 934 797 495 msds@titanlux.es http://www.titanlux.es

1.4 Emergency telephone number: +34 934 797 494 (7:30-14:30 h.) (working hours)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION **

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity, Category 4, H312+H332 Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard, Category 3, H412 Eye Irrit. 2: Eye irritation, Category 2, H319 Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315 STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure, Category 2, H373 STOT SE 3: Respiratory tract toxicity, single exposure, Category 3, H335

2.2 Label elements:

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Warning



Hazard statements:

Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation **Precautionary statements:** P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P370+P378: In case of fire: Use ABC powder extinguisher to extinguish

P403+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with regulations on hazardous waste or packaging and packaging waste respectively

Supplementary information:

EUH208: Contains Butanone oxime, Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate). May produce an allergic reaction

2.3 Other hazards:

** Changes with regards to the previous version



SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION ** (continued)

Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria

** Changes with regards to the previous version

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS **

3.1 Substance:

Non-applicable

3.2 Mixture:

Chemical description: Mixture composed of additives, aggregates, pigments and resins in solvents **Components:**

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (point 3), the product contains:

	Identification		Chemical name/Classification		Concentration
CAS:	Non-applicable	Reaction mass of eth	ylbenzene and xylene ⁽¹⁾	Self-classified	
EC: Index: REACH:	905-588-0 Non-applicable 01-2119539452-40- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 2: H373; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	<u>()</u>	25 - <50 %
CAS:				Self-classified	
EC: 918-668-5 Index: Non-applicable REACH: 01-2119455851-35- XXXX		Regulation 1272/2008	Aquatic Chronic 2: H411; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H335; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger	1000	10 - <12,5 %
CAS:	1330-20-7	Xylene ⁽¹⁾		Self-classified	
EC: 215-535-7 Index: 601-022-00-9 REACH: 01-2119488216-32- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 2: H373; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	() (b) (b)	2,5 - <5 %	
CAS:	1330-20-7	Xylene ⁽²⁾		ATP CLP00	
EC: 215-535-7 Index: 601-022-00-9 REACH: 01-2119488216-32- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Warning	(1) (8)	0,2 - <0,3 %	
CAS:	136-52-7	Cobalt bis(2-ethylhe	,	Self-classified	
EC: 205-250-6 Index: Non-applicable REACH: 01-2119524678-29- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Aquatic Chronic 3: H412; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Repr. 2: H36 Skin Sens. 1A: H317 - Warning	^{51f;} 🕐 🏷 🗞	0,1 - <0,2 %	
CAS:	96-29-7	Butanone oxime ⁽¹⁾	ATP CLP00		
EC: 202-496-6 Index: 616-014-00-0 REACH: 01-2119539477-28- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H312; Carc. 2: H351; Eye Dam. 1: H318; Skin Sens. 1: H317 - Danger	() � ♦	0,1 - <0,2 %	

⁽¹⁾ Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard which meet criteria laid down in Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830 ⁽²⁾ Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

** Changes with regards to the previous version

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 **Description of first aid measures:**

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

By inhalation:

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.



SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES (continued)

By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, in which case removal could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS for the product.

By ingestion/aspiration:

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Non-applicable

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media:

If possible use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers (CO₂). IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use full jet water as an extinguishing agent.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...) in accordance with Directive 89/654/EC.

Additional provisions:

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Destroy any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Avoid at all cost any type of spillage into an aqueous medium. Contain the product absorbed appropriately in hermetically sealed containers. Notify the relevant authority in case of exposure to the general public or the environment.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- Precautions for safe manipulation



SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE (continued)

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in Directive 94/9/EC (ATEX 100) and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of Directive 1999/92/EC (ATEX 137). Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations to prevent ergonomic and toxicological risks

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

Due to the danger of this product for the environment it is recommended to use it within an area containing contamination control barriers in case of spillage, as well as having absorbent material in close proximity.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Technical measures for storage

Minimum Temp.:	5 °C
Maximum Temp.:	40 °C
Maximum time:	36 Months

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace

	Identification		Environmental limits		
Xylene		IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	221 mg/m ³	
CAS: 1330-20-7	EC: 215-535-7	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	442 mg/m ³	
Xylene		IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	221 mg/m ³	
CAS: 1330-20-7	EC: 215-535-7	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	442 mg/m ³	

DNEL (Workers):

		Short e	Short exposure		Long exposure	
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	
CAS: Non-applicable	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	180 mg/kg	Non-applicable	
EC: 905-588-0	Inhalation	289 mg/m ³	289 mg/m ³	77 mg/m ³	Non-applicable	
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (EC 200-753-7 <0,1%)	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	
CAS: 64742-95-6	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	25 mg/kg	Non-applicable	
EC: 918-668-5	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	150 mg/m ³	Non-applicable	
Xylene	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	
CAS: 1330-20-7	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	180 mg/kg	Non-applicable	
EC: 215-535-7	Inhalation	289 mg/m ³	289 mg/m ³	77 mg/m ³	Non-applicable	
Xylene	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	
CAS: 1330-20-7	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	180 mg/kg	Non-applicable	
EC: 215-535-7	Inhalation	289 mg/m ³	289 mg/m ³	77 mg/m ³	Non-applicable	



SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

		Short e	Short exposure		xposure
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 136-52-7	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
EC: 205-250-6	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	0,2351 mg/m ³
Butanone oxime	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 96-29-7	Dermal	2,5 mg/kg	Non-applicable	1,3 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 202-496-6	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	9 mg/m ³	3,33 mg/m ³

DNEL (General population):

		Short e	exposure	Long e	xposure
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	1,6 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: Non-applicable	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	108 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 905-588-0	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	14,8 mg/m ³	Non-applicable
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (EC 200-753-7 <0,1%)	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	11 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 64742-95-6	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	11 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 918-668-5	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	32 mg/m ³	Non-applicable
Xylene	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	1,6 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	108 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 215-535-7	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	14,8 mg/m ³	Non-applicable
Xylene	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	1,6 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	108 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 215-535-7	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	14,8 mg/m ³	Non-applicable
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	0,0558 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 136-52-7	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
EC: 205-250-6	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	0,037 mg/m ³
Butanone oxime	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 96-29-7	Dermal	1,5 mg/kg	Non-applicable	0,78 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 202-496-6	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	2,7 mg/m ³	2 mg/m ³

PNEC:

Identification				
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	STP	6,58 mg/L	Fresh water	0,327 mg/L
CAS: Non-applicable	Soil	2,31 mg/kg	Marine water	0,327 mg/L
EC: 905-588-0	Intermittent	0,327 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	12,46 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	12,46 mg/kg
Xylene	STP	6,58 mg/L	Fresh water	0,327 mg/L
CAS: 1330-20-7	Soil	2,31 mg/kg	Marine water	0,327 mg/L
EC: 215-535-7	Intermittent	0,327 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	12,46 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	12,46 mg/kg
Xylene	STP	6,58 mg/L	Fresh water	0,327 mg/L
CAS: 1330-20-7	Soil	2,31 mg/kg	Marine water	0,327 mg/L
EC: 215-535-7	Intermittent	0,327 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	12,46 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	12,46 mg/kg
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	STP	0,37 mg/L	Fresh water	0,00051 mg/L
CAS: 136-52-7	Soil	7,9 mg/kg	Marine water	0,00236 mg/L
EC: 205-250-6	Intermittent	Non-applicable	Sediment (Fresh water)	9,5 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	9,5 mg/kg
Butanone oxime	STP	177 mg/L	Fresh water	0,256 mg/L
CAS: 96-29-7	Soil	Non-applicable	Marine water	Non-applicable
EC: 202-496-6	Intermittent	0,118 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	Non-applicable
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	Non-applicable

8.2 Exposure controls:

A.- General security and hygiene measures in the work place



SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

In accordance with the order of importance to control professional exposure (Directive 98/24/EC) it is recommended to use localized extraction in the work area as a collective protection measure to avoid exceeding the occupational exposure limits. In case of using personal protective equipment it should have CE marking in accordance with Directive 89/686/EC. For more information on Personal Protective Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For additional information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

B.- Respiratory protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases, vapours and particles		EN 149:2001+A1:2009 EN 405:2001+A1:2009	Replace when an increase in resistence to breathing is observed and/or a smell or taste of the contaminant is detected.

C.- Specific protection for the hands

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory hand protection	NON-disposable chemical protective gloves		EN ISO 374-1:2016 EN 16523-1:2015 EN 420:2003+A1:2009	The Breakthrough Time indicated by the manufacturer must exceed the period during which the product is being used. Do not use protective creams after the product has come into contact with skin.

"As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be predicted in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application"

D.- Ocular and facial protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory face protection	Face shield	CATI	EN 166:2001 EN 167:2001 EN 168:2001 EN ISO 4007:2018	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

E.- Body protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties		EN 1149-1,2,3 EN 13034:2005+A1:2009 EN ISO 13982- 1:2004/A1:2010 EN ISO 6529:2013 EN ISO 6530:2005 EN ISO 13688:2013 EN 464:1994	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer 's instructions.
Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties		EN ISO 13287:2012 EN ISO 20345:2011 EN 13832-1:2019	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

F.- Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011

Environmental exposure controls:

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D **Volatile organic compounds:**

volatile organic compounds:

With regard to Directive 2010/75/EU, this product has the following characteristics:

V.O.C. (Supply):

45,86 % weight



SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

V.O.C. density at 20 °C: Average carbon number: Average molecular weight: 449,45 kg/m³ (449,45 g/L) 8,28 110,54 g/mol

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1	Information on basic physical and chemical properties:				
	For complete information see the product datasheet.				
	Appearance:				
	Physical state at 20 °C:	Liquid			
	Appearance:	Viscous			
	Colour:	Not available			
	Odour:	Characteristic			
	Odour threshold:	Non-applicable *			
	Volatility:				
	Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:	144 °C			
	Vapour pressure at 20 °C:	627 Pa			
	Vapour pressure at 50 °C:	3510,39 Pa (3,51 kPa)			
	Evaporation rate at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *			
	Product description:				
	Density at 20 °C:	960 - 1000 kg/m³			
	Relative density at 20 °C:	0,96 - 1			
	Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *			
	Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *			
	Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C:	>20,5 cSt			
	Concentration:	Non-applicable *			
	pH:	Non-applicable *			
	Vapour density at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *			
	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 °C:	Non-applicable *			
	Solubility in water at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *			
	Solubility properties:	Non-applicable *			
	Decomposition temperature:	Non-applicable *			
	Melting point/freezing point:	Non-applicable *			
	Explosive properties:	Non-applicable *			
	Oxidising properties:	Non-applicable *			
	Flammability:				
	Flash Point:	30 °C			
	Flammability (solid, gas):	Non-applicable *			
	Autoignition temperature:	200 °C			
	Lower flammability limit:	Not available			
	Upper flammability limit:	Not available			
	Explosive:				
	Lower explosive limit:	Non-applicable *			
	Upper explosive limit:	Non-applicable *			
9.2	Other information:				
	*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing inform	mation property of its hazards.			

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

Revised: 25/03/2019

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Version: 3 (Replaced 2)



SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Surface tension at 20 °C:

Non-applicable *

Refraction index:

Non-applicable *

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the conditions of storage, handling and use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases. Can react violently

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION **

11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than the recommended occupational exposure limits, adverse effects on health may result, depending on the means of exposure:

- A- Ingestion (acute effect):
 - Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
 - Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.
- B- Inhalation (acute effect):
 - Acute toxicity : Exposure in high concentration can interfere with the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.
 - Corrosivity/Irritability: Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.
- C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):
 - Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
 - Contact with the eyes: Produces eye damage after contact.
- D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):



SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION ** (continued)

- Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous with carcinogenic effects. For more information see section 3.
- IARC: Xylene (3); Xylene (3)
- Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- E- Sensitizing effects:
 - Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
 - Cutaneous: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
- F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) single exposure:

Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.

G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Exposure in high concentration can interfere with the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.

- Skin: Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

H- Aspiration hazard:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

Other information:

Non-applicable

Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Ac	Acute toxicity	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: Non-applicable	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	Rat
EC: 905-588-0	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Xylene	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 1330-20-7	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg (ATEi)	Rat
EC: 215-535-7	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (4 h) (ATEi)	
Xylene	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 1330-20-7	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	Rat
EC: 215-535-7	LC50 inhalation	Non-applicable	
Butanone oxime	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 96-29-7	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	Rat
EC: 202-496-6	LC50 inhalation	Non-applicable	

** Changes with regards to the previous version

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION **

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

12.1 Toxicity:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Species	Genus
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	LC50	13.5 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
CAS: Non-applicable	EC50	0.6 mg/L (96 h)	Gammarus lacustris	Crustacean
EC: 905-588-0	EC50	10 mg/L (72 h)	Skeletonema costatum	Algae

** Changes with regards to the previous version



Safety data sheet According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 2015/830/EU

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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION ** (continued)

			1	1
Identification		Acute toxicity	Species	Genus
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (EC 200-753-7 <0,1%)	LC50	1 - 10 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
CAS: 64742-95-6	EC50	1 - 10 mg/L		Crustacean
EC: 918-668-5	EC50	1 - 10 mg/L		Algae
Xylene	LC50	13.5 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
CAS: 1330-20-7	EC50	3.4 mg/L (48 h)	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
EC: 215-535-7	EC50	10 mg/L (72 h)	Skeletonema costatum	Algae
Xylene	LC50	13.5 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
CAS: 1330-20-7	EC50	3.4 mg/L (48 h)	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
EC: 215-535-7	EC50	10 mg/L (72 h)	Skeletonema costatum	Algae
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	LC50	0.1 - 1 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
CAS: 136-52-7	EC50	0.1 - 1 mg/L		Crustacean
EC: 205-250-6	EC50	0.1 - 1 mg/L		Algae
Butanone oxime	LC50	843 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 96-29-7	EC50	750 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
EC: 202-496-6	EC50	83 mg/L (72 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae

12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Identification	Deg	radability	Biodegradability	
Xylene	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
EC: 215-535-7	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	88 %
Xylene	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
EC: 215-535-7	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	88 %
Butanone oxime	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 96-29-7	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
EC: 202-496-6	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	24 %

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Identification	Bioaccur	nulation potential
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	BCF	9
CAS: Non-applicable	Pow Log	2.77
EC: 905-588-0	Potential	Low
Xylene	BCF	9
CAS: 1330-20-7	Pow Log	2.77
EC: 215-535-7	Potential	Low
Xylene	BCF	9
CAS: 1330-20-7	Pow Log	2.77
EC: 215-535-7	Potential	Low
Butanone oxime	BCF	5
CAS: 96-29-7	Pow Log	0.59
EC: 202-496-6	Potential	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorp	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
Xylene	Кос	202	Henry	524,86 Pa·m ³ /mol	
CAS: 1330-20-7	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes	
EC: 215-535-7	Surface tension	Non-applicable	Moist soil	Yes	
Xylene	Кос	202	Henry	524,86 Pa·m ³ /mol	
CAS: 1330-20-7	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes	
EC: 215-535-7	Surface tension	Non-applicable	Moist soil	Yes	
Butanone oxime	Кос	3	Henry	Non-applicable	
CAS: 96-29-7	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Non-applicable	
EC: 202-496-6	Surface tension	2,57E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Non-applicable	

** Changes with regards to the previous version



SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION ** (continued)

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria

12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

** Changes with regards to the previous version

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Code	Description	Waste class (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014)
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances	Dangerous

Type of waste (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014):

HP14 Ecotoxic, HP3 Flammable, HP5 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity, HP6 Acute Toxicity, HP4 Irritant — skin irritation and eye damage

Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance with Annex 1 and Annex 2 (Directive 2008/98/EC). As under 15 01 (2014/955/EC) of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. We do not recommended disposal down the drain. See paragraph 6.2.

Regulations related to waste management:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) the community or state provisions related to waste management are stated

Community legislation: Directive 2008/98/EC, 2014/955/EU, Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADR 2019 and RID 2019:

5			
1	4.1	UN number:	UN1263
1	4.2	UN proper shipping name:	PAINT
	4.3	Transport hazard class(es):	3
$\langle \simeq \rangle$		Labels:	3
1	4.4	Packing group:	III
1	4.5	Environmental hazards:	No
1	4.6	Special precautions for user	
		Special regulations:	163, 367, 650
		Tunnel restriction code:	D/E
		Physico-Chemical properties:	see section 9
		Limited quantities:	5 L
1	4.7	Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:	Non-applicable
Transport of dang	jero	us goods by sea:	

With regard to IMDG 38-16:



SECTION 14: TRANSPORT	INFORMATION (continued)	
14 1	UN number:	UN1263
	UN proper shipping name:	PAINT
	Transport hazard class(es):	3
	Labels:	3
14.4	Packing group:	III
	Environmental hazards:	No
14.6	Special precautions for user	
	Special regulations:	223, 955, 163, 367
	EmS Codes:	F-E, S-E
	Physico-Chemical properties:	see section 9
	Limited quantities:	5 L
	Segregation group:	Non-applicable
14.7	Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:	Non-applicable
Transport of dangero	ous goods by air:	
With regard to IATA/IC/	AO 2019:	
14.1	UN number:	UN1263
14.2	UN proper shipping name:	PAINT
14.3	Transport hazard class(es):	3
	Labels:	3
3 14.4	Packing group:	III
14.5	Environmental hazards:	No
14.6	Special precautions for user	
	Physico-Chemical properties:	see section 9
14.7	Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:	Non-applicable

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

Candidate substances for authorisation under the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH): Non-applicable

Substances included in Annex XIV of REACH ("Authorisation List") and sunset date: Non-applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009, about substances that deplete the ozone layer: Non-applicable

Article 95, REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012: Non-applicable

REGULATION (EU) No 649/2012, in relation to the import and export of hazardous chemical products: Non-applicable

Seveso III:

Section	Description	Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
P5c		5000	50000
Limitations to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII REACH, etc):			



SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)

Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:

- metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,
- artificial snow and frost,
- "whoopee" cushions,
- silly string aerosols,
- imitation excrement,
- horns for parties,
- decorative flakes and foams,
- artificial cobwebs,
- stink bombs.

Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with:

'For professional users only'.

Shall not be used in:

—ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,

-tricks and jokes,

—games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects. Regulation (EU) No 98/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 January 2013 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors: Contains Aluminium powder (stabilised). Product under the provisions of Article 9

Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

Other legislation:

The product could be affected by sectorial legislation

15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION **

Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-Guide to the compilation of safety data sheets of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (Regulation (EC) No 2015/830)

Modifications related to the previous Safety Data Sheet which concerns the ways of managing risks.:

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS (SECTION 3, SECTION 11, SECTION 12):

- New declared substances Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (EC 200-753-7 <0,1%) (64742-95-6)
 Removed substances

 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)
 2-butoxyethanol (111-76-2)
 Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (64742-95-6)
 naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy , < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (64742-82-1)

 CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (SECTION 2, SECTION 16):
 - · Hazard statements
 - · Precautionary statements
 - · Supplementary information

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

- H335: May cause respiratory irritation
- H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
- H315: Causes skin irritation

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

- H312+H332: Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled
- H226: Flammable liquid and vapour
- H319: Causes serious eye irritation

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

** Changes with regards to the previous version



SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION ** (continued)

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3 CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Acute Tox. 4: H312 - Harmful in contact with skin Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled Aquatic Acute 1: H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life Aquatic Chronic 2: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways Carc. 2: H351 - Suspected of causing cancer Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation Flam. Lig. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour Repr. 2: H361f - Suspected of damaging fertility. Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction Skin Sens. 1A: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral) STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness **Classification procedure:** STOT SE 3: Calculation method Aquatic Chronic 3: Calculation method Skin Irrit. 2: Calculation method STOT RE 2: Calculation method Acute Tox. 4: Calculation method Flam. Lig. 3: Calculation method (2.6.4.3) Eye Irrit. 2: Calculation method Advice related to training: Minimal training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product. Principal bibliographical sources: http://echa.europa.eu http://eur-lex.europa.eu Abbreviations and acronyms: ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code IATA: International Air Transport Association ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand BCF: Bioconcentration factor LD50: Lethal Dose 50 LC50: Lethal Concentration 50 EC50: Effective concentration 50 Log-POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

** Changes with regards to the previous version

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation at European and state level, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.