


07S - SELF-POLISHING ANTIFOULING

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

- 1.1 Product identifier:** 07S - SELF-POLISHING ANTIFOULING
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:**
Relevant uses: Anti-scale paint
Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3
- 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:**
Industrias Titán, S.A.U.
Pol. Ind. Pratense, calle 114 nº 17-19
08820 El Prat de Llobregat - Barcelona - España
Phone.: +34 934 797 494 - Fax: +34 934 797 495
msds@titanlux.es
http://www.titanlux.es
- 1.4 Emergency telephone number:** +34 934 797 494 (7:30-14:30 h.) (working hours)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION **

- 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:**
CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:
Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.
Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity, Category 4, H312+H332
Aquatic Acute 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard, Category 1, H400
Aquatic Chronic 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard, Category 1, H410
Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage, Category 1, H318
Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3, H226
Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity, Category 2, H361d
Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity, Category 2, H361
Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315
Skin Sens. 1: Sensitisation, skin, Category 1, H317
STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity if swallowed, repeated exposure, Category 2, H373
STOT SE 3: Respiratory tract toxicity, single exposure, Category 3, H335
- 2.2 Label elements:**
CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:
Danger
- 
- Hazard statements:**
Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled
Aquatic Chronic 1: H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage
Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour
Repr. 2: H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Repr. 2: H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation
Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction
STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral)
STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation
- Precautionary statements:**

** Changes with regards to the previous version

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SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION ** (continued)

P101: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand
P102: Keep out of reach of children
P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
P264: Wash thoroughly after handling
P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P370+P378: In case of fire: Use ABC powder extinguisher to extinguish.
P501: Dispose of contents/container according to the separated collection system used in your municipality

Supplementary information:

EUH208: Contains zinc ethylenebis(dithiocarbamate)(polymeric). May produce an allergic reaction

Substances that contribute to the classification

Dicopper oxide; Xylene; Rosin; Tris(methylphenyl) phosphate

2.3 Other hazards:

Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria

** Changes with regards to the previous version

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS **

3.1 Substance:

Non-applicable

3.2 Mixture:

Chemical description: Mixture composed of additives, aggregates, pigments and resins in solvents

Components:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (point 3), the product contains:

Identification	Chemical name/Classification	Concentration
CAS: 1317-39-1 EC: 215-270-7 Index: 029-002-00-X REACH: 01-2119513794-36-XXXX	Dicopper oxide⁽¹⁾ Regulation 1272/2008 Acute Tox. 4: H302+H332; Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Aquatic Chronic 1: H410; Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Danger	ATP ATP09 25 - <50 %
CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 Index: 601-022-00-9 REACH: 01-2119488216-32-XXXX	Xylene⁽¹⁾ Regulation 1272/2008 Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 2: H373; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	Self-classified 15 - <20 %
CAS: 1314-13-2 EC: 215-222-5 Index: 030-013-00-7 REACH: 01-2119463881-32-XXXX	Zinc oxide⁽¹⁾ Regulation 1272/2008 Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Aquatic Chronic 1: H410 - Warning	ATP CLP00 7,5 - <10 %
CAS: 8050-09-7 EC: 232-475-7 Index: 650-015-00-7 REACH: 01-2119480418-32-XXXX	Rosin⁽¹⁾ Regulation 1272/2008 Skin Sens. 1: H317 - Warning	ATP CLP00 7,5 - <10 %
CAS: 1330-78-5 EC: 215-548-8 Index: Non-applicable REACH: 01-2119531335-46-XXXX	Tris(methylphenyl) phosphate⁽¹⁾ Regulation 1272/2008 Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Aquatic Chronic 1: H410; Repr. 2: H361 - Warning	Self-classified 2,5 - <5 %
CAS: 12122-67-7 EC: 235-180-1 Index: Non-applicable REACH: Non-applicable	zinc ethylenebis(dithiocarbamate)(polymeric)⁽¹⁾ Regulation 1272/2008 Aquatic Chronic 1: H410; Flam. Sol. 1: H228; Repr. 2: H361d; Skin Sens. 1: H317; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	Self-classified 2,5 - <5 %
CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9 Index: 607-195-00-7 REACH: 01-2119475791-29-XXXX	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate⁽²⁾ Regulation 1272/2008 Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Warning	ATP ATP01 2 - <2,5 %

⁽¹⁾ Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard which meet criteria laid down in Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

⁽²⁾ Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit

** Changes with regards to the previous version

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Safety data sheet

According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 2015/830/EU

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SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS ** (continued)

Identification	Chemical name/Classification	Concentration				
CAS: 13463-41-7 EC: 236-671-3 Index: Non-applicable REACH: 01-2119511196-46-XXXX	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 30%;">Pyrithione zinc⁽¹⁾</td> <td style="width: 70%; text-align: right;">Self-classified</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="background-color: #d9e1f2;">Regulation 1272/2008</td> <td style="font-size: small;"> Acute Tox. 3: H301+H331; Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Aquatic Chronic 1: H410; Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Danger <div style="text-align: right; margin-top: 5px;"> </div> </td> </tr> </table>	Pyrithione zinc⁽¹⁾	Self-classified	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 3: H301+H331; Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Aquatic Chronic 1: H410; Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Danger <div style="text-align: right; margin-top: 5px;"> </div>	0,1 - <0,2 %
Pyrithione zinc⁽¹⁾	Self-classified					
Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 3: H301+H331; Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Aquatic Chronic 1: H410; Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Danger <div style="text-align: right; margin-top: 5px;"> </div>					

⁽¹⁾ Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard which meet criteria laid down in Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

⁽²⁾ Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 8, 11, 12, 15 and 16.

*** Changes with regards to the previous version*

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

By inhalation:

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, in which case this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

By ingestion/aspiration:

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Non-applicable

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media:

If possible use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers (CO₂). IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use tap water as an extinguishing agent.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...) in accordance with Directive 89/654/EC.

Additional provisions:

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

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SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Destroy any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Avoid at all cost any type of spillage into an aqueous medium. Contain the product absorbed appropriately in hermetically sealed containers. Notify the relevant authority in case of exposure to the general public or the environment.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- Precautions for safe manipulation

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in Directive 94/9/EC (ATEX 100) and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of Directive 1999/92/EC (ATEX 137). Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations to prevent ergonomic and toxicological risks

PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD NOT BE EXPOSED TO THIS PRODUCT. Transfer in designated areas that comply with the necessary safety conditions (emergency showers and eyewash stations in close proximity), using personal protection equipment, especially on the hands and face (See section 8). Limit manual transfers to small amounts only. Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

Due to the danger of this product for the environment it is recommended to use it within an area containing contamination control barriers in case of spillage, as well as having absorbent material in close proximity.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Technical measures for storage

Minimum Temp.:	5 °C
Maximum Temp.:	40 °C
Maximum time:	36 Months

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters:

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the work environment

Identification	Environmental limits		
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	221 mg/m ³
	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	442 mg/m ³
	Year	2018	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	275 mg/m ³
	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	550 mg/m ³
	Year	2018	

DNEL (Workers):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	180 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	289 mg/m ³	289 mg/m ³	77 mg/m ³	Non-applicable
Zinc oxide CAS: 1314-13-2 EC: 215-222-5	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	83 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	5 mg/m ³	Non-applicable
Rosin CAS: 8050-09-7 EC: 232-475-7	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	17 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	117 mg/m ³	Non-applicable
Tris(methylphenyl) phosphate CAS: 1330-78-5 EC: 215-548-8	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Dermal	74 mg/kg	Non-applicable	3,33 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	1,11 mg/m ³	Non-applicable	0,47 mg/m ³	Non-applicable
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	153,5 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	275 mg/m ³	Non-applicable
Pyrrithione zinc CAS: 13463-41-7 EC: 236-671-3	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	0,01 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable

DNEL (General population):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	1,6 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	108 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	14,8 mg/m ³	Non-applicable
Zinc oxide CAS: 1314-13-2 EC: 215-222-5	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	0,83 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	83 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	2,5 mg/m ³	Non-applicable
Rosin CAS: 8050-09-7 EC: 232-475-7	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	10 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	10 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	35 mg/m ³	Non-applicable
Tris(methylphenyl) phosphate CAS: 1330-78-5 EC: 215-548-8	Oral	157,5 mg/kg	Non-applicable	0,03 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Dermal	37 mg/kg	Non-applicable	1,67 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	0,28 mg/m ³	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	1,67 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	54,8 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	33 mg/m ³	Non-applicable

PNEC:

Identification					
Dicopper oxide CAS: 1317-39-1 EC: 215-270-7	STP	0,23 mg/L	Fresh water	0,0078 mg/L	
	Soil	65 mg/kg	Marine water	0,0052 mg/L	
	Intermittent	Non-applicable	Sediment (Fresh water)	87 mg/kg	
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	676 mg/kg	

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Identification				
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	STP	6,58 mg/L	Fresh water	0,327 mg/L
	Soil	2,31 mg/kg	Marine water	0,327 mg/L
	Intermittent	0,327 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	12,46 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	12,46 mg/kg
Zinc oxide CAS: 1314-13-2 EC: 215-222-5	STP	0,1 mg/L	Fresh water	0,0206 mg/L
	Soil	35,6 mg/kg	Marine water	0,0061 mg/L
	Intermittent	Non-applicable	Sediment (Fresh water)	117,8 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	56,5 mg/kg
Rosin CAS: 8050-09-7 EC: 232-475-7	STP	1000 mg/L	Fresh water	0,0016 mg/L
	Soil	0,00045 mg/kg	Marine water	0,00016 mg/L
	Intermittent	0,016 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	0,007 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	0,0007 mg/kg
Tris(methylphenyl) phosphate CAS: 1330-78-5 EC: 215-548-8	STP	100 mg/L	Fresh water	0,000102 mg/L
	Soil	0,1 mg/kg	Marine water	0,0000102 mg/L
	Intermittent	0,000102 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	0,0404 mg/kg
	Oral	0,67 g/kg	Sediment (Marine water)	0,00404 mg/kg
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	STP	100 mg/L	Fresh water	0,635 mg/L
	Soil	0,29 mg/kg	Marine water	0,0635 mg/L
	Intermittent	6,35 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	3,29 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	0,329 mg/kg
Pyrithione zinc CAS: 13463-41-7 EC: 236-671-3	STP	0,01 mg/L	Fresh water	0,00009 mg/L
	Soil	8,85 mg/kg	Marine water	0,00009 mg/L
	Intermittent	Non-applicable	Sediment (Fresh water)	0,0095 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	0,0095 mg/kg



8.2 Exposure controls:

A.- General security and hygiene measures in the work place



As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protective Equipment, with the corresponding <<CE marking>> in accordance with Directive 89/686/EC. For more information on Personal Protective Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1.

All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

B.- Respiratory protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases, vapours and particles	 CAT III	EN 149:2001+A1:2009 EN 405:2001+A1:2009	Replace when an increase in resistance to breathing is observed and/or a smell or taste of the contaminant is detected.

C.- Specific protection for the hands

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory hand protection	NON-disposable chemical protective gloves	 CAT III	EN 374-1:2003 EN 374-3:2003/AC:2006 EN 420:2003+A1:2009	The Breakthrough Time indicated by the manufacturer must exceed the period during which the product is being used. Do not use protective creams after the product has come into contact with skin.



"As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be predicted in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application"

D.- Ocular and facial protection





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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory face protection	Face mask		EN 166:2001 EN 167:2001 EN 168:2001 EN ISO 4007:2012	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

E.- Body protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties		EN 1149-1,2,3 EN 13034:2005+A1:2009 EN ISO 13982-1:2004/A1:2010 EN ISO 6529:2001 EN ISO 6530:2005 EN ISO 13688:2013 EN 464:1994	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions.
 Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties		EN 13287:2008 EN ISO 20345:2011 EN 13832-1:2006	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

F.- Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
 Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2002	 Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2002

Environmental exposure controls:

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

Volatile organic compounds:

With regard to Directive 2010/75/EU, this product has the following characteristics:

V.O.C. (Supply):	20,32 % weight
V.O.C. density at 20 °C:	376,95 kg/m ³ (376,95 g/L)
Average carbon number:	7,78
Average molecular weight:	109,02 g/mol

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

For complete information see the product datasheet.

Appearance:

Physical state at 20 °C:	Liquid
Appearance:	Viscous
Colour:	Not available
Odour:	Characteristic
Odour threshold:	Non-applicable *

Volatility:

Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:	138 °C
Vapour pressure at 20 °C:	737 Pa
Vapour pressure at 50 °C:	4090 Pa (4 kPa)
Evaporation rate at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Product description:

Density at 20 °C:	1856 kg/m ³
Relative density at 20 °C:	1,856
Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C:	>20,5 cSt
Concentration:	Non-applicable *
pH:	Non-applicable *
Vapour density at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Solubility in water at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Solubility properties:	Non-applicable *
Decomposition temperature:	Non-applicable *
Melting point/freezing point:	Non-applicable *
Explosive properties:	Non-applicable *
Oxidising properties:	Non-applicable *

Flammability:

Flash Point:	25 °C
Flammability (solid, gas):	Non-applicable *
Autoignition temperature:	315 °C
Lower flammability limit:	Not available
Upper flammability limit:	Not available

Explosive:

Lower explosive limit:	Non-applicable *
Upper explosive limit:	Non-applicable *

9.2 Other information:

Surface tension at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Refraction index:	Non-applicable *

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the conditions of storage, handling and use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Combustive materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

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SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (continued)

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO₂), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION **

11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than the recommended occupational exposure limits, adverse effects on health may result, depending on the means of exposure:

A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.

B- Inhalation (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Exposure in high concentration can interfere with the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.

C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):

- Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
- Contact with the eyes: Produces serious eye damage after contact.

D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):

- Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.
- Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- Reproductive toxicity: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

E- Sensitizing effects:

- Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
- Cutaneous: Prolonged contact with the skin can result in episodes of allergic contact dermatitis.

F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:

Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.

G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Exposure in high concentration can interfere with the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.
- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

H- Aspiration hazard:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

Other information:

Non-applicable

Specific toxicology information on the substances:

** Changes with regards to the previous version

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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION ** (continued)

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
	LD50 oral	LD50 dermal	
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg (ATEi)	Rat
	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (4 h) (ATEi)	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	LD50 oral	8532 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	5100 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation	30 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Rosin CAS: 8050-09-7 EC: 232-475-7	LD50 oral	4100 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	Non-applicable	
	LC50 inhalation	Non-applicable	
Dicopper oxide CAS: 1317-39-1 EC: 215-270-7	LD50 oral	1340 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	Non-applicable	
	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (4 h) (ATEi)	
Zinc oxide CAS: 1314-13-2 EC: 215-222-5	LD50 oral	7950 mg/kg	Mouse
	LD50 dermal	Non-applicable	
	LC50 inhalation	Non-applicable	
Tris(methylphenyl) phosphate CAS: 1330-78-5 EC: 215-548-8	LD50 oral	15750 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	Non-applicable	
	LC50 inhalation	Non-applicable	
Pyrithione zinc CAS: 13463-41-7 EC: 236-671-3	LD50 oral	302 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	Non-applicable	
	LC50 inhalation	0,61 mg/L (4 h)	Rat

** Changes with regards to the previous version

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION **

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available
Contains phosphates. Excessive discharge may cause eutrophication.

12.1 Toxicity:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Species	Genus
	LC50	EC50		
Dicopper oxide CAS: 1317-39-1 EC: 215-270-7	LC50	0.8 mg/L (96 h)	Cyprinus carpio	Fish
	EC50	0.117 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	Non-applicable		
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	LC50	13.5 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
	EC50	3.4 mg/L (48 h)	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
	EC50	10 mg/L (72 h)	Skeletonema costatum	Algae
Zinc oxide CAS: 1314-13-2 EC: 215-222-5	LC50	0.82 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus kisutch	Fish
	EC50	3.4 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	Non-applicable		
Rosin CAS: 8050-09-7 EC: 232-475-7	LC50	150 mg/L (96 h)	Brachydanio rerio	Fish
	EC50	238 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	185 mg/L (72 h)	Selenastrum capricornutum	Algae
Tris(methylphenyl) phosphate CAS: 1330-78-5 EC: 215-548-8	LC50	0.6 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
	EC50	Non-applicable		
	EC50	Non-applicable		
zinc ethylenebis(dithiocarbamate)(polymeric) CAS: 12122-67-7 EC: 235-180-1	LC50	0.1 - 1 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
	EC50	0.1 - 1 mg/L		Crustacean
	EC50	0.1 - 1 mg/L		Algae
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	LC50	161 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	EC50	481 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia sp.	Crustacean
	EC50	Non-applicable		

** Changes with regards to the previous version

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07S - SELF-POLISHING ANTIFOULING

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION ** (continued)

Identification	Acute toxicity		Species	Genus
Pyrethione zinc CAS: 13463-41-7 EC: 236-671-3	LC50	0.003 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	EC50	0.008 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	Non-applicable		

12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	88 %
Rosin CAS: 8050-09-7 EC: 232-475-7	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	32 %
Tris(methylphenyl) phosphate CAS: 1330-78-5 EC: 215-548-8	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	2.6 mg/L
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	22 %
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	785 mg/L
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	8 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	100 %

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	BCF	9
	Pow Log	2.77
	Potential	Low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	BCF	1
	Pow Log	0.43
	Potential	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	Koc	202	Henry	524,86 Pa·m ³ /mol
	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	Non-applicable	Moist soil	Yes

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria

12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

** Changes with regards to the previous version

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Code	Description	Waste class (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014)
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances	Dangerous

Type of waste (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014):

HP14 Ecotoxic, HP3 Flammable, HP4 Irritant — skin irritation and eye damage, HP5 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) /Aspiration Toxicity, HP6 Acute Toxicity, HP10 Toxic for reproduction

Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance with Annex 1 and Annex 2 (Directive 2008/98/EC). As under 15 01 (2014/955/EC) of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. We do not recommend disposal down the drain. See paragraph 6.2.

Regulations related to waste management:

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SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS (continued)

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) the community or state provisions related to waste management are stated

Community legislation: Directive 2008/98/EC, 2014/955/EU, Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADR 2017 and RID 2017:



- | | |
|---|---------------------|
| 14.1 UN number: | UN1263 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name: | PAINT |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es): | 3 |
| Labels: | 3 |
| 14.4 Packing group: | III |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards: | Yes |
| 14.6 Special precautions for user | |
| Special regulations: | 163, 367, 640E, 650 |
| Tunnel restriction code: | D/E |
| Physico-Chemical properties: | see section 9 |
| Limited quantities: | 5 L |
| 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code: | Non-applicable |

Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 38-16:



- | | |
|---|--------------------|
| 14.1 UN number: | UN1263 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name: | PAINT |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es): | 3 |
| Labels: | 3 |
| 14.4 Packing group: | III |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards: | Yes |
| 14.6 Special precautions for user | |
| Special regulations: | 223, 955, 163, 367 |
| EmS Codes: | F-E, S-E |
| Physico-Chemical properties: | see section 9 |
| Limited quantities: | 5 L |
| 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code: | Non-applicable |

Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2017:



- | | |
|---|----------------|
| 14.1 UN number: | UN1263 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name: | PAINT |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es): | 3 |
| Labels: | 3 |
| 14.4 Packing group: | III |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards: | Yes |
| 14.6 Special precautions for user | |
| Physico-Chemical properties: | see section 9 |
| 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code: | Non-applicable |

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

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07S - SELF-POLISHING ANTIFOULING

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

Composition of the active ingredients (Regulation (EU) No 528/2012): Pyrithione zinc (0.1%); Dicopper oxide (38%)

Candidate substances for authorisation under the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH): Non-applicable

Substances included in Annex XIV of REACH ("Authorisation List") and sunset date: Non-applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009, about substances that deplete the ozone layer: Non-applicable

Article 95, REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012: Dicopper oxide (Product-type 21) ; Pyrithione zinc (Product-type 2, 6, 7, 9, 10, 21)

REGULATION (EU) No 649/2012, in relation to the import and export of hazardous chemical products: Non-applicable

Limitations to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII REACH, etc):

Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:

- metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,
- artificial snow and frost,
- "whoopee" cushions,
- silly string aerosols,
- imitation excrement,
- horns for parties,
- decorative flakes and foams,
- artificial cobwebs,
- stink bombs.

Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with:

'For professional users only'.

Shall not be used in:

- ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
- tricks and jokes,
- games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects.

Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

Other legislation:

The product could be affected by sectorial legislation

15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION **

Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-Guide to the compilation of safety data sheets of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (Regulation (EC) No 2015/830)

Modifications related to the previous Safety Data Sheet which concerns the ways of managing risks.:

** Changes with regards to the previous version

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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION ** (continued)

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS (SECTION 3, SECTION 11, SECTION 12):

- New declared substances
 - zinc ethylenebis(dithiocarbamate)(polymeric) (12122-67-7)
 - 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate (108-65-6)
 - Pyrithione zinc (13463-41-7)
- Removed substances
 - Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)
 - Xylene (1330-20-7)
 - Copper powder (7440-50-8)
 - 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (64359-81-5)
 - Copper oxide (1317-38-0)

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (SECTION 2, SECTION 16):

- Pictograms
- Hazard statements
- Precautionary statements
- Supplementary information

Content of the 3rd section presenting modifications (SECTION 3):

- Dicopper oxide (1317-39-1): Hazard statements

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H315: Causes skin irritation
H318: Causes serious eye damage
H335: May cause respiratory irritation
H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral)
H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction
H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H361d: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H400: Very toxic to aquatic life
H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
H312+H332: Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled
H226: Flammable liquid and vapour

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Acute Tox. 3: H301+H331 - Toxic if swallowed or if inhaled
Acute Tox. 4: H302+H332 - Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled
Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled
Aquatic Acute 1: H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life
Aquatic Chronic 1: H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage
Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour
Flam. Sol. 1: H228 - Flammable solid
Repr. 2: H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
Repr. 2: H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation
Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction
STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral)
STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

Classification procedure:

Skin Irrit. 2: Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1: Calculation method
STOT SE 3: Calculation method
STOT RE 2: Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1: Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1: Calculation method
Repr. 2: Calculation method
Aquatic Acute 1: Calculation method
Repr. 2: Calculation method
Acute Tox. 4: Calculation method
Flam. Liq. 3: Calculation method (2.6.4.3)

** Changes with regards to the previous version

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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION ** (continued)

Advice related to training:

Minimal training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

Principal bibliographical sources:

<http://echa.europa.eu>
<http://eur-lex.europa.eu>

Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road
IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code
IATA: International Air Transport Association
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation
COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand
BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand
BCF: Bioconcentration factor
LD50: Lethal Dose 50
LC50: Lethal Concentration 50
EC50: Effective concentration 50
Log-POW: Octanol–water partition coefficient
Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

*** Changes with regards to the previous version*

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation at European and state level, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control, and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.

- END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET -